Temporary Duty (TDY) Travel Allowances

first-class and business-class accommodations and you certify such on your youcher; or

- (b) No space is available in coachclass accommodations in time to accomplish the mission, which is urgent and cannot be postponed; or
- (c) When use of business-class accommodations is necessary to accommodate your disability or other special need. Disability must be substantiated in writing by a competent medical authority. Special need must be substantiated in writing according to your agency's procedures. If you are authorized under §301–13.3(a) of this chapter to have an attendant accompany you, your agency also may authorize the attendant to use business-class accommodations if you require the attendant's services en route; or
- (d) Security purposes or exceptional circumstances as determined by your agency make the use of business-class accommodations essential to the successful performance of the agency's mission; or
- (e) Coach-class accommodations on an authorized/approved foreign air carrier do not provide adequate sanitation or health standards; or
- (f) The use results in an overall cost savings to the Government by avoiding additional subsistence costs, overtime, or lost productive time while awaiting coach-class accommodations; or
- (g) Your transportation costs are paid in full through agency acceptance of payment from a non-federal source in accordance with chapter 304 of this title; or
- (h) Where the origin and/or destination are OCONUS, and the scheduled flight time, including stopovers and change of planes, is in excess of 14 hours. (In this instance you will not be eligible for a rest stop en route or a rest period upon arrival at your duty site.); or
- (i) When required because of agency mission.

Note to $\S 301-10.124$: You may upgrade to business-class at your personal expense, in-

cluding through redemption of frequent flyer benefits.

[FTR Amdt. 70, 63 FR 15955, Apr. 1, 1998, as amended by FTR Amdt. 87, 64 FR 67670, Dec. 2, 1999; FTR Amdt. 104, 67 FR 17947, Apr. 12, 2002; FTR Amdt. 108, 67 FR 57964, Sept. 13, 2002; FTR Amdt. 2005–03, 70 FR 28460, May 18, 2005]

USE OF UNITED STATES FLAG AIR CARRIERS

SOURCE: FTR Amdt. 74, 63 FR 63419, Nov. 13, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

§ 301-10.131 What does United States mean?

For purposes of the use of United States flag air carriers, *United States* means the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the territories and possessions of the United States (49 U.S.C. 40102).

§ 301–10.132 Who is required to use a U.S. flag air carrier?

Anyone whose air travel is financed by U.S. Government funds, except as provided in §301–10.135, §301–10.136, and §301–10.137.

§ 301–10.133 What is a U.S. flag air carrier?

An air carrier which holds a certificate under 49 U.S.C. 41102 but does not include a foreign air carrier operating under a permit.

§301-10.134 What is U.S. flag air carrier service?

U.S. flag air carrier service is service provided on an air carrier which holds a certificate under 49 U.S.C. 41102 and which service is authorized either by the carrier's certificate or by exemption or regulation. U.S. flag air carrier service also includes service provided under a code share agreement with a foreign air carrier in accordance with Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations when the ticket, or documentation for an electronic ticket, identifies the U.S. flag air carrier's designator code and flight number.

§301-10.135 When must I travel using U.S. flag air carrier service?

You are required by 49 U.S.C. 40118, commonly referred to as the "Fly